

BÀI 6 +7: BIẾN ĐỔI ĐƠN GIẢN BIỂU THỨC CHỨA CĂN BẬC HAI

I. TÓM TẮT LÝ THUYẾT

1. Đưa thừa số ra ngoài dấu căn

$$\sqrt{A^2B} = |A|\sqrt{B} (B \geq 0) = \begin{cases} A\sqrt{B} (A \geq 0; B \geq 0) \\ -A\sqrt{B} (A < 0; B \geq 0) \end{cases}$$

2. Đưa thừa số vào trong dấu căn

$$A\sqrt{B} = \begin{cases} \sqrt{A^2B} (khi A \geq 0; B \geq 0) \\ -\sqrt{A^2B} (khi A < 0; B \geq 0) \end{cases}$$

3. Khử mẫu của biểu thức lấy căn

$$\sqrt{\frac{A}{B}} = \sqrt{\frac{AB}{B^2}} = \frac{1}{|B|} \sqrt{AB} (B \neq 0; AB \geq 0)$$

4. Trục căn thức ở mẫu

$$+) \frac{A}{\sqrt{B}} = \frac{A\sqrt{B}}{B} (B > 0)$$

$$+) \frac{m}{\sqrt{A \pm \sqrt{B}}} = \frac{m(\sqrt{A} \mp \sqrt{B})}{A - B} (A \geq 0; B \geq 0; A \neq B)$$

$$+) \frac{m}{\sqrt{A \pm B}} = \frac{m(\sqrt{A} \mp B)}{A - B^2} (A \geq 0; A \neq B^2)$$

II. CÁC DẠNG BÀI TẬP

Dạng 1: Đưa thừa số ra ngoài dấu căn hoặc vào trong dấu căn

Phương pháp giải: Sử dụng kiến thức sau

Cách đưa thừa số A² ra ngoài dấu căn: $\sqrt{A^2B} = |A|\sqrt{B} (B \geq 0) = \begin{cases} A\sqrt{B} (A \geq 0; B \geq 0) \\ -A\sqrt{B} (A < 0; B \geq 0) \end{cases}$

Cách đưa thừa số vào trong dấu căn: $A\sqrt{B} = \begin{cases} \sqrt{A^2B} (khi A \geq 0; B \geq 0) \\ -\sqrt{A^2B} (khi A < 0; B \geq 0) \end{cases}$

Bài 1: Viết gọn các biểu thức sau

a. $\sqrt{25.90}$

b. $\sqrt{96.125}$

c. $\sqrt{75.54}$

d. $\sqrt{245.35}$

HD:

a. $\sqrt{25.90} = 15\sqrt{10}$

b. $\sqrt{96.125} = \sqrt{16.6.5.25} = 20\sqrt{30}$

c. $\sqrt{75.54} = 45\sqrt{2}$

d. $\sqrt{245.35} = \sqrt{49.5.5.7} = 35\sqrt{7}$

Bài 2: Đưa nhân tử ra ngoài dấu căn:

a) $\sqrt{54}$

b) $\sqrt{108}$

c) $0,1\sqrt{20000}$

d) $-0,05\sqrt{28800}$

HD:

a) $\sqrt{54} = \sqrt{9.6} = 3\sqrt{6}$

b) $\sqrt{108} = \sqrt{36.3} = 6\sqrt{3}$

c) $0,1\sqrt{20000} = 0,1\sqrt{2.10000} = 0,1.100\sqrt{2} = 10\sqrt{2}$

d) $-0,05\sqrt{28800} = -0,05\sqrt{144.100.2} = -0,05.12.10\sqrt{2} = -6\sqrt{2}$

Bài 3: Đưa thừa số ra ngoài dấu căn

a. $\sqrt{27x^2} (x \geq 0)$

b. $\sqrt{8xy^2} (x \geq 0; y \leq 0)$

c. $\sqrt{25x^3} (x > 0)$

d. $\sqrt{48xy^4} (x \geq 0; y \in R)$

e. $\sqrt{48y^4}$

f) $\sqrt{8y^2}$ với $y > 0$

HD:

a) $\sqrt{27x^2} = \sqrt{(3x)^2 . 3} = |3x|\sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3}x (x \geq 0)$

b) $\sqrt{8xy^2} = \sqrt{(2y)^2 . 2x} = |2y|\sqrt{2x} = -2y\sqrt{2x} (x \geq 0; y \leq 0)$

c) $\sqrt{25x^3} = 5x\sqrt{x} (x > 0)$ d. $\sqrt{48xy^4} (x \geq 0; y \in R) = 4y^2\sqrt{3x} (y^2 \geq 0)$

d) $\sqrt{48xy^4} = |y^2|\sqrt{16.3x} = 4y^2\sqrt{3x}$

e) $\sqrt{48y^4} = \sqrt{16.3.(y^2)^2} = 4y^2\sqrt{3}$

f) $\sqrt{8y^2} = 2|y|\sqrt{2} = 2y\sqrt{2}$ (vì $y > 0$)

Bài 4: Đưa nhân tử vào trong dấu căn:

a) $3\sqrt{5}$

b) $-5\sqrt{2}$

c) $2\sqrt{2}$

d) $3\sqrt{2}$

HD:

a) $3\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{3^2 \cdot 5} = \sqrt{45}$

b) $-5\sqrt{2} = -\sqrt{5^2 \cdot 2} = -\sqrt{50}$

c) $2\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 2} = \sqrt{8}$

d) $3\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{3^2 \cdot 2} = \sqrt{18}$

Bài 5: Đưa nhân tử vào trong dấu căn:

a) $-\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{xy}$

b) $x\sqrt{5}$ với $x \geq 0$

c) $x\sqrt{13}$ với $x < 0$

d) $x\sqrt{\frac{2}{x}}$ với $x > 0$

e) $a\sqrt{13}$ ($a \geq 0$)

f) $a\sqrt{\frac{-15}{a}}$ ($a < 0$)

g) $\frac{a}{2}\sqrt{\frac{12}{a}}$ ($a > 0$)

h) $a\sqrt{2}$ ($a \leq 0$)

HD:

a) $-\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{xy} = -\sqrt{\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 xy} = -\sqrt{\frac{4}{9}xy}$

b) $x\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{5x^2}$ (vì $x \geq 0$)

c) $x\sqrt{13} = -\sqrt{13x^2}$ vì $x < 0$

d) $x\sqrt{\frac{2}{x}} = \sqrt{\frac{2x^2}{x}} = \sqrt{2x}$ vì $x > 0$

e) $a\sqrt{13} = \sqrt{13a^2}$ ($a \geq 0$)

f) $a\sqrt{\frac{-15}{a}} = -(-a)\sqrt{\frac{-15}{a}} = -\sqrt{\frac{-15a^2}{a}} = -\sqrt{-15a}$ ($a < 0$)

g) $\frac{a}{2}\sqrt{\frac{12}{a}} = \sqrt{3a}$ ($a > 0$)

h) $a\sqrt{2} = -\sqrt{2a^2}$ ($a \leq 0$)

Dạng 2: So sánh các căn bậc hai

Phương pháp giải: Đưa thừa số ra ngoài hoặc vào trong dấu căn rồi so sánh

Bài 1: So sánh hai số sau (không dùng máy tính):

a) $3\sqrt{3}$ và $\sqrt{12}$

b) 20 và $3\sqrt{5}$

c) $\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{54}$ và $\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{150}$

d) $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}$ và $6\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$

e) $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3\sqrt{7}+5\sqrt{2}}$ và $\frac{3}{13}$

f) $\sqrt{30}-\sqrt{29}$ và $\sqrt{29}-\sqrt{28}$

g) $\sqrt{2012}+\sqrt{2014}$ và $2\sqrt{2013}$

h) $\sqrt{2014}-\sqrt{2013}$ và $\sqrt{2013}-\sqrt{2012}$

HD:

a) Ta có: $3\sqrt{3}=\sqrt{27}; \sqrt{12}=\sqrt{12}$

Vì $27 > 12$ nên $\sqrt{27} > \sqrt{12}$. Vậy $3\sqrt{3} > \sqrt{12}$.

b) Ta có: $\sqrt{20}=2\sqrt{5}$

Vì $2 < 3$ nên $2\sqrt{5} < 3\sqrt{5}$. Vậy $\sqrt{20} < 3\sqrt{5}$.

c) Ta có: $\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{54}=\sqrt{6}; \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{150}=\sqrt{6} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{54}=\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{150}$

d) Ta có: $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}=\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}; 6\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}=\sqrt{18}$

Vì $\frac{3}{2} < 18$ nên $\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} < \sqrt{18}$. Vậy $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6} < 6\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$.

e) Ta có: $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3\sqrt{7}+5\sqrt{2}}=\frac{\sqrt{5}\cdot(3\sqrt{7}-5\sqrt{2})}{13}=\frac{3\sqrt{35}-5\sqrt{10}}{13}$;

Ta thấy $3\sqrt{35} < 3\sqrt{36}; 5\sqrt{10} < 5\sqrt{9} \Rightarrow 3\sqrt{35}-5\sqrt{10} < 3$

Vậy $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3\sqrt{7}+5\sqrt{2}} < \frac{3}{13}$

f) Ta có: $\sqrt{30}-\sqrt{29}=\frac{1}{\sqrt{30}+\sqrt{29}}; \sqrt{29}-\sqrt{28}=\frac{1}{\sqrt{29}+\sqrt{28}}$

Vì $\sqrt{30}+\sqrt{29} > \sqrt{29}+\sqrt{28} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{30}+\sqrt{29}} < \frac{1}{\sqrt{29}+\sqrt{28}}$

Vậy $\sqrt{30}-\sqrt{29} < \sqrt{29}-\sqrt{28}$.

g) Ta có: $(\sqrt{2012}+\sqrt{2014})^2=4026+2\sqrt{2012\cdot 2014}=4026+2\sqrt{2013^2-1}$

$(2\sqrt{2013})^2=8052=4026+2\sqrt{2013^2}$

Vì $2013^2-1 < 2013^2$ nên $(\sqrt{2012}+\sqrt{2014})^2 < (2\sqrt{2013})^2$

Vậy $\sqrt{2012} + \sqrt{2014} < 2\sqrt{2013}$.

h) Ta có: $\sqrt{2014} - \sqrt{2013} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2014} + \sqrt{2013}}$; $\sqrt{2013} - \sqrt{2012} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2013} + \sqrt{2012}}$

Vì $\sqrt{2014} + \sqrt{2013} > \sqrt{2013} + \sqrt{2012}$ nên $\sqrt{2014} - \sqrt{2013} < \sqrt{2013} - \sqrt{2012}$

Bài 2: So sánh hai số sau (không dùng máy tính):

a) $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}$ và $\sqrt{10}$

b) $\sqrt{3} + 2$ và $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}$

c) 16 và $\sqrt{15} \cdot \sqrt{17}$

d) 8 và $\sqrt{15} + \sqrt{17}$

e) $2\sqrt{29}$ và $4\sqrt{3}$

f) $\frac{5}{4}\sqrt{2}$ và $\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$

g) $5\sqrt{2}$ và $3\sqrt{13}$

h) $\frac{5}{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{6}}$ và $6\sqrt{\frac{1}{37}}$

HD:

a) $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}$ và $\sqrt{10}$.

Ta có: $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{6} < 5 + 2\sqrt{\frac{25}{4}} = 5 + 2 \cdot \frac{5}{2} = 10$.

Do đó $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} < \sqrt{10}$.

b) $\sqrt{3} + 2$ và $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}$.

Ta có: $(\sqrt{3} + 2)^2 = 7 + 4\sqrt{3}$.

$(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6})^2 = 8 + 2\sqrt{12} = 8 + 4\sqrt{3} > 7 + 4\sqrt{3}$.

Do đó $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6} > \sqrt{3} + 2$.

c) 16 và $\sqrt{15} \cdot \sqrt{17}$

Ta có: $\sqrt{15} \cdot \sqrt{17} = \sqrt{15 \cdot 17} = \sqrt{(16-1)(16+1)} = \sqrt{16^2 - 1} < \sqrt{16^2} = 16$.

Do đó $\sqrt{15} \cdot \sqrt{17} < 16$.

d) 8 và $\sqrt{15} + \sqrt{17}$.

Ta có: $(\sqrt{15} + \sqrt{17})^2 = 32 + 2\sqrt{15 \cdot 17}$.

$$8^2 = 32 + 2.16 > 32 + 2.\sqrt{15.17}.$$

Do đó $8 > \sqrt{15} + \sqrt{17}$.

e) Ta có $\begin{cases} 2\sqrt{29} = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 29} = \sqrt{116} \\ 3\sqrt{13} = \sqrt{117} \end{cases} \Rightarrow 2\sqrt{29} < 3\sqrt{13}$

f) $\begin{cases} \frac{5}{4}\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^2 \cdot 2} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{8}} \\ \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 \cdot \frac{3}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{27}{8}} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{5}{4}\sqrt{2} < \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$

g) Ta có: $\begin{cases} 5\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{50} \\ 4\sqrt{3} = \sqrt{48} \end{cases} \rightarrow 4\sqrt{3} < 5\sqrt{2}$

h) Ta có: $\begin{cases} \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{24}} \\ 6\sqrt{\frac{1}{37}} = \sqrt{\frac{36}{37}} \end{cases} \rightarrow \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} > 6\sqrt{\frac{1}{37}} \left(\frac{25}{4} > 1 > \frac{36}{37} \right)$

Bài 3: Sắp xếp các số sau theo thứ tự tăng dần:

a) $3\sqrt{5}; 2\sqrt{6}; \sqrt{29}; 4\sqrt{2}$ b) $2\sqrt{5}, 2\sqrt{6}, \sqrt{29}, 3\sqrt{5}$ c) $3\sqrt{6}, 3\sqrt{3}, 4\sqrt{7}, 2\sqrt{14}$

HD:

a) Ta có: $3\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{45}; 2\sqrt{6} = \sqrt{24}; 4\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{32} \rightarrow 2\sqrt{6} < \sqrt{29} < 4\sqrt{2} < 3\sqrt{5}$

b) Ta có: $2\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{20}; 2\sqrt{6} = \sqrt{24}; \sqrt{29}; 3\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{45}$

Sắp xếp $2\sqrt{5}; 2\sqrt{6}; \sqrt{29}; 3\sqrt{5}$

c) Ta có: $3\sqrt{6} = \sqrt{54}; 3\sqrt{3} = \sqrt{27}; 4\sqrt{7} = \sqrt{112}; 2\sqrt{14} = \sqrt{56}$

Sắp xếp $3\sqrt{3}; 3\sqrt{6}; 2\sqrt{14}; 4\sqrt{7}$.

Bài 4: Sắp xếp các số sau theo thứ tự giảm dần: $7\sqrt{2}; 2\sqrt{8}; \sqrt{28}; 5\sqrt{2}$

HD:

Ta có: $2\sqrt{8} = 4\sqrt{2}; \sqrt{28} = 2\sqrt{7} \Rightarrow 7\sqrt{2} > 5\sqrt{2} > 2\sqrt{8} > \sqrt{28}$

Dạng 3: Rút gọn biểu thức chứa căn bậc hai

Phương pháp giải: Đưa thừa số ra ngoài hoặc vào trong dấu căn rồi rút gọn

Bài 1: Thực hiện tính:

a) $A = 5\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{50} - 2\sqrt{18}$

b) $H = \sqrt{(3 + \sqrt{5})^2} + \sqrt{5}$

c) $A = \sqrt{27} - 2\sqrt{12} - \sqrt{75}$

d) $A = 2\sqrt{3} - 4\sqrt{27} + 5\sqrt{48}$

e) $P = \sqrt{8} - \sqrt{18} + 2\sqrt{32}$

f) $M = (3\sqrt{50} - 5\sqrt{18} + 3\sqrt{8})\sqrt{2}$

HD:

a) $A = 5\sqrt{4 \cdot 2} + \sqrt{25 \cdot 2} - 2\sqrt{9 \cdot 2} = 5 \cdot 2\sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{2} - 2 \cdot 3\sqrt{2} = 10\sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{2} - 6\sqrt{2} = (10 + 5 - 6)\sqrt{2} = 9\sqrt{2}$

b) $H = \sqrt{(3 - \sqrt{5})^2} + \sqrt{5} = |3 - \sqrt{5}| + \sqrt{5} = 3 - \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} = 3$

c) $A = \sqrt{9 \cdot 3} - 2\sqrt{9 \cdot 3} - \sqrt{25 \cdot 3} = \sqrt{3^2 \cdot 3} - 2\sqrt{3^2 \cdot 3} - \sqrt{5^2 \cdot 3} = 3\sqrt{3} - 4\sqrt{3} - 5\sqrt{3} = -6\sqrt{3}$

d) $A = 2\sqrt{3} - 4\sqrt{9 \cdot 3} + 5\sqrt{16 \cdot 3} = 2\sqrt{3} - 4\sqrt{3^2 \cdot 3} + 5\sqrt{4^2 \cdot 3} = 2\sqrt{3} - 12\sqrt{3} + 20\sqrt{3} = 10\sqrt{3}$

e) $P = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 2} - \sqrt{3^2 \cdot 2} + 2\sqrt{4^2 \cdot 2} = 2\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{2} + 8\sqrt{2} = 7\sqrt{2}$

$M = (3\sqrt{25 \cdot 2} - 5\sqrt{9 \cdot 2} + 3\sqrt{4 \cdot 2})\sqrt{2}$
f) $= (3\sqrt{5^2 \cdot 2} - 5\sqrt{3^2 \cdot 2} + 3\sqrt{2^2 \cdot 2})\sqrt{2}$
 $= (15\sqrt{2} - 15\sqrt{2} + 6\sqrt{2})\sqrt{2}$
 $= 6\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2} = 12$

Bài 2: Thực hiện phép tính:

a) $A = \sqrt{125} - 4\sqrt{45} + 3\sqrt{20} - \sqrt{80}$

b) $B = \sqrt{20} - \sqrt{45} + 2\sqrt{5}$

c) $A = \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{27} + 4\sqrt{3})$

d) $P = \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{8} - 2\sqrt{3}) + 2\sqrt{6}$

e) $3\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{45} - 2\sqrt{80}$

f) $2\sqrt{32} - 5\sqrt{27} - 4\sqrt{8} + 3\sqrt{75}$

g) $B = 2\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{300}$

h) $A = 3\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{18}$

HD:

a) $A = \sqrt{25 \cdot 5} - 4\sqrt{9 \cdot 5} + 3\sqrt{4 \cdot 5} - \sqrt{16 \cdot 5} = \sqrt{5^2 \cdot 5} - 4\sqrt{3^2 \cdot 5} + 3\sqrt{2^2 \cdot 5} - \sqrt{4^2 \cdot 5} = 5\sqrt{5} - 12\sqrt{5} + 6\sqrt{5} - 4\sqrt{5} = -5\sqrt{5}$

b) $B = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 5} - \sqrt{3^2 \cdot 5} + 2\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{5}$

c) $A = \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{27} + 4\sqrt{3}) = \sqrt{81} + 4\sqrt{9} = \sqrt{9^2} + 4\sqrt{3^2} = 9 + 4 \cdot 3$

d) $P = \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{8} - 2\sqrt{3}) + 2\sqrt{6} = \sqrt{16} - 2\sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{6} = \sqrt{4^2} - 2\sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{6} = 4$

$$\text{e) } 3\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{45} - 2\sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{4.5} + \sqrt{9.5} - 2\sqrt{16.5} = 3\sqrt{2^2.5} + \sqrt{3^2.5} - 2\sqrt{4^2.5} = 6\sqrt{5} + 3\sqrt{5} - 8\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{5}$$

$$\text{f) } = 2\sqrt{4^2.2} - 5\sqrt{3^2.3} - 4\sqrt{2^2.2} + 3\sqrt{5^2.3} = 8\sqrt{2} - 15\sqrt{3} - 8\sqrt{2} + 15\sqrt{3} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} B &= 2\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{9.3} - \sqrt{100.3} \\ \text{g) } &= 2\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{3^2.3} - \sqrt{10^2.3} \\ &= 2\sqrt{3} + 3.3.\sqrt{3} - 10\sqrt{3} \\ &= \sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{h) } A &= 3\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{9.2} = 3\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{3^2.2} \\ A &= 3\sqrt{2} + 12\sqrt{2} \\ A &= 15\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

Bài 3: Rút gọn các biểu thức sau:

$$\text{a) } 5\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{5}$$

$$\text{b) } \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{4,5} + \sqrt{12,5}$$

$$\text{c) } \sqrt{20} - \sqrt{45} + 3\sqrt{18} + \sqrt{72}$$

$$\text{d) } \sqrt{20} - \sqrt{45} + 3\sqrt{18} + \sqrt{72}$$

$$\text{e) } (\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5})^2 - \sqrt{120}$$

$$\text{f) } \sqrt{72} - \sqrt{5\frac{1}{3}} + 4,5\sqrt{2\frac{2}{3}} + 2\sqrt{27}$$

$$\text{g) } (\sqrt{28} - 2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7})\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{84}$$

$$\text{h) } \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{48} - 2\sqrt{75} - \sqrt{54} + 5\sqrt{1\frac{1}{3}}$$

HD:

$$\text{a) } 5\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{5} = \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} = 3\sqrt{5}$$

$$\text{b) } \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{4,5} + \sqrt{12,5} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{9\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\text{c) } \sqrt{20} - \sqrt{45} + 3\sqrt{18} + \sqrt{72} = 2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} + 9\sqrt{2} + 6\sqrt{2} = -\sqrt{5} + 15\sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{d) } \sqrt{20} - \sqrt{45} + 3\sqrt{18} + \sqrt{72} = 2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} + 9\sqrt{2} + 6\sqrt{2} = -\sqrt{5} + 15\sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{e) } (\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5})^2 - \sqrt{120} = 6 + 5 + 2\sqrt{30} - 2\sqrt{30} = 11$$

$$\text{f) } \sqrt{72} - \sqrt{5\frac{1}{3}} + 4,5\sqrt{2\frac{2}{3}} + 2\sqrt{27} = 6\sqrt{2} - \frac{4}{3}\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6} + 6\sqrt{3} = 6\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6} + \frac{14}{3}\sqrt{3}$$

$$\text{g) } (\sqrt{28} - 2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7})\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{84} = 14 - 2\sqrt{21} + 7 + 2\sqrt{21} = 21$$

$$h) \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{48} - 2\sqrt{75} - \sqrt{54} + 5\sqrt{1\frac{1}{3}} = 2\sqrt{3} - 10\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{6} + \frac{10}{3}\sqrt{3} = -\frac{14}{3}\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{6}$$

Bài 4: Rút gọn các biểu thức sau

$$a. A = \sqrt{200} - \sqrt{32} + \sqrt{72}$$

$$b. B = 4\sqrt{20} - 3\sqrt{125} + 5\sqrt{45} - 15\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}$$

$$c. C = (2\sqrt{8} + 3\sqrt{5} - 7\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{72} - 5\sqrt{20} - 2\sqrt{2})$$

$$d. D = \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3 - \sqrt{29 - 12\sqrt{5}}} = \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3 - \sqrt{(\sqrt{20} - 3)^2}}$$

$$e. E = \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3 - \sqrt{29} - 6\sqrt{20}}}$$

$$f. F = \sqrt{6 + 2\sqrt{5 - \sqrt{13 + \sqrt{48}}}}$$

$$g. G = \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{5\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{48 - 10\sqrt{7 + 4\sqrt{3}}}}}$$

HD:

$$a. A = \sqrt{200} - \sqrt{32} + \sqrt{72} = 10\sqrt{2} - 4\sqrt{2} + 6\sqrt{2} = 12\sqrt{2}$$

$$b. B = 4\sqrt{20} - 3\sqrt{125} + 5\sqrt{45} - 15\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}} = 4.2\sqrt{5} - 3.5\sqrt{5} + 5.3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{\frac{25}{5}} \\ = 8\sqrt{5} - 15\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} + 15\sqrt{5} = 5\sqrt{5}$$

$$c. C = (2\sqrt{8} + 3\sqrt{5} - 7\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{72} - 5\sqrt{20} - 2\sqrt{2}) = (2.2\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{5} - 7\sqrt{2})(6\sqrt{2} - 10\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{2}) \\ = (3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{2})(4\sqrt{2} - 10\sqrt{5})$$

$$C = 3.2(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})(2\sqrt{2} - 5\sqrt{5}) = 6(2\sqrt{10} - 4 - 25 + 5\sqrt{10}) = 6(7\sqrt{10} - 29)$$

$$d. D = \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3 - \sqrt{29 - 12\sqrt{5}}} = \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3 - \sqrt{(\sqrt{20} - 3)^2}} = \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3 - (\sqrt{20} - 3)} = \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{6 - \sqrt{20}}$$

$$D = \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{(\sqrt{5} - 1)^2} = \sqrt{5} - (\sqrt{5} - 1) = 1$$

$$e. E = \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3 - \sqrt{29} - 6\sqrt{20}}} = \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3 - \sqrt{(2\sqrt{5} - 3)^2}}} = \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{(\sqrt{5} - 1)^2}} = \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{5} + 1} = 1$$

$$f. F = \sqrt{6 + 2\sqrt{5 - \sqrt{13 + \sqrt{48}}}} = \sqrt{6 + 2\sqrt{5 - \sqrt{(2\sqrt{3} + 1)^2}}} = \sqrt{6 + 2\sqrt{4 - 2\sqrt{3}}} \\ = \sqrt{6 + 2\sqrt{(\sqrt{3} - 1)^2}} = \sqrt{4 + 2\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{3} + 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{g. } G &= \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{5\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{48 - 10\sqrt{7 + 4\sqrt{3}}}}} = \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{5\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{48 - 10(2 + \sqrt{3})}}} \\ &= \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{5\sqrt{3} + 5(5 - \sqrt{3})}} = \sqrt{9} = 3 \end{aligned}$$

Bài 5: Rút gọn các biểu thức sau

$$\text{a. } A = \frac{2}{a-2} \cdot \sqrt{2a^8(a^2 - 4a + 4)} (a \neq 2)$$

$$\text{b. } B = 4\sqrt{25u} - \frac{15}{2}\sqrt{\frac{16u}{9}} - \frac{2}{u}\sqrt{\frac{169u^3}{4}} (u > 0)$$

$$\text{c. } C = 5\sqrt{4x} - 3\sqrt{\frac{100x}{9}} - \frac{4}{x}\sqrt{\frac{x^3}{4}} (x > 0)$$

$$\text{d. } D = -\sqrt{36b} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{54b} + \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{150b} (b \geq 0)$$

$$\text{e. } E = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{9 + 6v + v^2} + \frac{4v}{3} + 5 (v \leq -3)$$

$$\text{f. } F = \frac{t}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{4 - 4t + t^2} - 2 (t \leq 2)$$

HD:

$$\text{a. } A = \frac{2}{a-2} \cdot \sqrt{2a^8(a^2 - 4a + 4)} = \frac{2}{a-2} \cdot \sqrt{2a^8(a-2)^2} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}a^4|a-2|}{a-2}$$

$$\text{+) Nếu } a-2 > 0 \Rightarrow A = 2\sqrt{2}a^4$$

$$\text{+) Nếu } a-2 < 0 \Rightarrow A = -2\sqrt{2}a^4$$

$$\text{b. } B = 4\sqrt{25u} - \frac{15}{2}\sqrt{\frac{16u}{9}} - \frac{2}{u}\sqrt{\frac{169u^3}{4}} = 20\sqrt{u} - 10\sqrt{u} - 13\sqrt{u} = -3\sqrt{u} (u \geq 0)$$

$$\text{c. } C = 5\sqrt{4x} - 3\sqrt{\frac{100x}{9}} - \frac{4}{x}\sqrt{\frac{x^3}{4}} = 10\sqrt{x} - 10\sqrt{x} - 2\sqrt{x} = -2\sqrt{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d. } D &= -\sqrt{36b} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{54b} + \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{150b} = -6\sqrt{b} - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{6b} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot 5 \cdot \sqrt{6b} \\ &= -6\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{6b} + \sqrt{6b} = -6\sqrt{b} (b \geq 0) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{e. } E = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{9 + 6v + v^2} + \frac{4v}{3} + 5 (v \leq -3) = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{(v+3)^2} + \frac{4v}{3} + 5 = v + 4$$

$$\text{f. } F = \frac{t}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{4 - 4t + t^2} - 2 (t \leq 2) = \frac{t}{2} + \frac{3}{2}|2-t| - 2 = 1-t (t \leq 2)$$

Bài 6: Rút gọn các biểu thức sau (biết $a > 0$, $b > 0$):

- a) $5\sqrt{a} - 3\sqrt{25a^3} + 2\sqrt{36ab^2} - 2\sqrt{9a}$
- b) $\sqrt{64ab^3} - 3\sqrt{12a^3b^3} + 2ab\sqrt{9ab} - 5b\sqrt{81a^3b}$
- c) $2\sqrt{3a} - \sqrt{75a} + a\sqrt{\frac{13,5}{2a}} - \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{300a^3}$

HD:

- a) $5\sqrt{a} - 3\sqrt{25a^3} + 2\sqrt{36ab^2} - 2\sqrt{9a} = 5\sqrt{a} - 15a\sqrt{a} + 12b\sqrt{a} - 6\sqrt{a} = -\sqrt{a} - 15a\sqrt{a} + 12b\sqrt{a}$
- b) $\sqrt{64ab^3} - 3\sqrt{12a^3b^3} + 2ab\sqrt{9ab} - 5b\sqrt{81a^3b}$
 $= 8b\sqrt{ab} - 6ab\sqrt{3ab} + 6ab\sqrt{ab} - 45ab\sqrt{ab} = 8b\sqrt{ab} - 6ab\sqrt{3ab} - 39ab\sqrt{ab}$
- c) $2\sqrt{3a} - \sqrt{75a} + a\sqrt{\frac{13,5}{2a}} - \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{300a^3} = 2\sqrt{3a} - 5\sqrt{3a} + 3\sqrt{3a} - 4a\sqrt{3a} = -4a\sqrt{3a}$

Bài 7: Giải các phương trình sau

- a. $25\sqrt{\frac{a-3}{25}} - 7\sqrt{\frac{4a-12}{9}} - 7\sqrt{a^2-9} + 18\sqrt{\frac{9a^2-81}{81}} = 0$
- b. $\sqrt{18x+9} - \sqrt{8x+4} + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{2x+1} = 4$

HD:

a. $25\sqrt{\frac{a-3}{25}} - 7\sqrt{\frac{4a-12}{9}} - 7\sqrt{a^2-9} + 18\sqrt{\frac{9a^2-81}{81}} = 0 \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a-3} - \sqrt{a^2-9} = 0$

Cách 1: $\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a-3} - \sqrt{a^2-9} = 0 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{a-3} = 3\sqrt{a^2-9} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} a \geq 3 \\ a-3 = 9(a^2-9) \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow a = 3$

Cách 2: Điều kiện $a \geq 3$

$$\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a-3} - \sqrt{a^2-9} = 0 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{a-3}\left(\frac{1}{3} - \sqrt{a+3}\right) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} a = 3(tm) \\ a = \frac{-26}{9} (loai) \end{cases}$$

b. $\sqrt{18x+9} - \sqrt{8x+4} + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{2x+1} = 4 \Leftrightarrow \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{2x+1} = 4 \Leftrightarrow x = \frac{35}{2}$

Dạng 4: Khử mẫu của biểu thức dưới dấu căn bậc hai

Phương pháp giải: Nắm vững cách khử mẫu của biểu thức dưới dấu căn bậc hai

1. Khử mẫu của biểu thức lấy căn

$$\sqrt{\frac{A}{B}} = \sqrt{\frac{AB}{B^2}} = \frac{1}{|B|} \sqrt{AB} (B \neq 0; AB \geq 0)$$

Bài 1: Khử mẫu của các biểu thức dưới dấu căn (giả thiết rằng các biểu thức đã cho có nghĩa):

a) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{600}}$; $\sqrt{\frac{11}{540}}$; $\sqrt{\frac{3}{50}}$; $\sqrt{\frac{5}{98}}$; $\sqrt{\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})^2}{27}}$
b) $ab\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}$; $\frac{a}{b}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}$; $\sqrt{\frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{b^2}}$; $\sqrt{\frac{9a^3}{36b}}$; $3xy\sqrt{\frac{2}{xy}}$
c) $\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$; $\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{5}}$; $\sqrt{\frac{3}{x}}$; $\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{x^2}{7}}$; $3xy\sqrt{\frac{2}{xy}}$

HD:

a) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{600}} = \frac{\sqrt{600}}{600} = \frac{10\sqrt{6}}{600} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{60}$; $\sqrt{\frac{11}{540}} = \frac{\sqrt{11 \cdot 540}}{540} = \frac{6\sqrt{165}}{540} = \frac{\sqrt{165}}{90}$;

$\sqrt{\frac{3}{50}} = \frac{\sqrt{3 \cdot 50}}{50} = \frac{5\sqrt{6}}{50} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{10}$; $\sqrt{\frac{5}{98}} = \frac{\sqrt{5 \cdot 98}}{98} = \frac{7\sqrt{10}}{98} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{14}$;

$\sqrt{\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})^2}{27}} = \frac{(\sqrt{3}-1)\sqrt{27}}{27} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}-1)}{27} = \frac{9-3\sqrt{3}}{27} = \frac{3-\sqrt{3}}{9}$

b) $ab\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} = ab\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b} = a\sqrt{ab}$; $\frac{a}{b}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} = \frac{a}{b}\frac{\sqrt{ba}}{a} = \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}$;

$\sqrt{\frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{b^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{b+1}{b^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{b+1}}{b}$; $\sqrt{\frac{9a^3}{36b}} = \frac{3a}{6}\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b} = \frac{a}{2b}\sqrt{ab}$;

c) $\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$; $\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{5}} = \frac{x\sqrt{5}}{5}$; $\sqrt{\frac{3}{x}} = \frac{\sqrt{3x}}{x}$;

$\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{x^2}{7}} = \sqrt{\frac{7x^2 - x^2}{7}} = \sqrt{\frac{6x^2}{7}} = \frac{x}{7}\sqrt{42}$; $3xy\sqrt{\frac{2}{xy}} = 3xy\frac{\sqrt{2xy}}{xy} = 3\sqrt{2xy}$

Bài 2: Khử mẫu của mỗi biểu thức dưới dấu căn bậc hai sau

a. $\sqrt{\frac{5x^3}{49y}}$ ($x \geq 0; y > 0$)

b. $7xy\sqrt{\frac{-3}{xy}}$ ($x < 0; y > 0$)

c. $\sqrt{\frac{5b}{49a^3}}$ ($a > 0, b \geq 0$)

d. $\frac{-1}{4}ab\sqrt{\frac{16}{ab}}$ ($a < 0, b < 0$)

HD:

$$a) \sqrt{\frac{5x^3}{49y}} (x \geq 0; y > 0) = \frac{x}{7} \sqrt{\frac{5x}{y}} = \frac{x}{7} \sqrt{\frac{5xy}{y^2}} = \frac{x}{7|y|} \sqrt{5xy} = \frac{x}{7y} \sqrt{5xy} (x \geq 0; y > 0)$$

$$b) 7xy \sqrt{\frac{-3}{xy}} (x < 0; y > 0) = 7xy \sqrt{\frac{-3xy}{x^2 y^2}} = \frac{7xy}{|xy|} \sqrt{-3xy} = -7 \sqrt{-3xy} (x < 0; y > 0)$$

$$a) \sqrt{\frac{5b}{49a^3}} (a > 0, b \geq 0) = \frac{1}{7a} \sqrt{\frac{5b}{a}} = \frac{1}{7a} \sqrt{\frac{5ab}{a^2}} = \frac{1}{7a^2} \sqrt{5ab} (a > 0, b \geq 0)$$

$$b) \frac{-1}{4} ab \sqrt{\frac{16}{ab}} (a < 0, b < 0) = -ab \sqrt{\frac{1}{ab}} = -ab \sqrt{\frac{ab}{a^2 b^2}} = -\sqrt{ab}$$

Dạng 5: Trục căn thức ở mẫu

Phương pháp giải: Nắm vững cách trục căn thức ở mẫu

$$1) \frac{A}{\sqrt{B}} = \frac{A \cdot \sqrt{B}}{B}$$

$$2) \frac{m}{\sqrt{A}}$$

$$3) \frac{m}{\sqrt{A} - \sqrt{B}} = \frac{m(\sqrt{A} + \sqrt{B})}{A - B}$$

Bài 1: Trục căn thức ở mẫu của các biểu thức sau (giả thiết rằng các biểu thức đã cho có nghĩa):

$$a) \frac{5}{\sqrt{10}}; \quad \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}; \quad \frac{5}{2\sqrt{5}}; \quad \frac{2\sqrt{2} + 2}{5\sqrt{2}}; \quad \frac{y + b\sqrt{y}}{b\sqrt{y}}$$

$$b) \frac{3}{\sqrt{3} + 1}; \quad \frac{2}{\sqrt{3} - 1}; \quad \frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{2 - \sqrt{3}}; \quad \frac{b}{3 + \sqrt{b}}; \quad \frac{p}{2\sqrt{p} - 1}$$

$$c) \frac{3}{\sqrt{3} + 1}; \quad \frac{3}{\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{7}}; \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}}; \quad \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}}$$

$$d) \frac{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}; \quad \frac{26}{5 - 2\sqrt{3}}; \quad \frac{2\sqrt{10} - 5}{4 - \sqrt{10}}; \quad \frac{9 - 2\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$e) \frac{1}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + 1}; \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3} + 2}$$

HD:

$$a) \frac{5}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{5\sqrt{10}}{10} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}; \quad \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{9}; \quad \frac{5}{2\sqrt{5}} = \frac{5\sqrt{5}}{10} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2};$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}+2}{5\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}(2+\sqrt{2})}{5\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{5}; \quad \frac{y+b\sqrt{y}}{b\sqrt{y}} = \frac{\sqrt{y}(\sqrt{y}+b)}{b\sqrt{y}} = \frac{\sqrt{y}+b}{b}$$

$$b) \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}+1} = \frac{3(\sqrt{3}-1)}{3-1} = \frac{3(\sqrt{3}-1)}{2}; \quad \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}-1} = \frac{2(\sqrt{3}+1)}{2} = \sqrt{3}+1;$$

$$\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}} = \frac{(2+\sqrt{3})(2+\sqrt{3})}{1} = 7+2\sqrt{3}; \quad \frac{b}{3+\sqrt{b}} = \frac{b(3-\sqrt{b})}{9-b};$$

$$\frac{p}{2\sqrt{p}-1} = \frac{p(2\sqrt{p}+1)}{4p-1}$$

$$c) \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}+1} = \frac{3(\sqrt{3}-1)}{2}; \quad \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}+\sqrt{7}} = \frac{3(\sqrt{10}-\sqrt{7})}{3} = \sqrt{10}-\sqrt{7};$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}} = \frac{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y}}{x-y}; \quad \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}} = \frac{2ab(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b})}{a-b}.$$

$$d) \frac{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3})}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{10}-\sqrt{6}}{2}; \quad \frac{26}{5-2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{26(5+2\sqrt{3})}{25-12} = 2(5+2\sqrt{3});$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{10}-5}{4-\sqrt{10}} = \frac{(2\sqrt{10}-5)(4+\sqrt{10})}{6} = \frac{8\sqrt{10}+20-20-5\sqrt{10}}{6} = \frac{3\sqrt{10}}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2};$$

$$\frac{9-2\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{6}-2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{(9-2\sqrt{3})(3\sqrt{6}+2\sqrt{2})}{54-8} = \frac{27\sqrt{6}+18\sqrt{2}-6\sqrt{18}-4\sqrt{6}}{46} = \frac{23\sqrt{6}+18\sqrt{2}-18\sqrt{2}}{46} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}.$$

e)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}+1} &= \frac{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}-1}{(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2})^2-1} = \frac{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}-1}{5+2\sqrt{6}-1} = \frac{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}-1}{4-2\sqrt{6}} = \frac{(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}-1)(4-2\sqrt{6})}{16-24} \\ &= \frac{4\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{18}+4\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{12}-4+2\sqrt{6}}{-8} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}-6\sqrt{2}+4\sqrt{2}-4\sqrt{3}-4+2\sqrt{6}}{-8}; \\ &= \frac{-2\sqrt{2}-4+2\sqrt{6}}{-8} = \frac{-2(\sqrt{2}+2-\sqrt{6})}{-8} = \frac{\sqrt{2}+2-\sqrt{6}}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}+2} &= \frac{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}-2}{(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3})^2-4} = \frac{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}-2}{8-2\sqrt{15}-4} = \frac{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}-2}{4-2\sqrt{15}} \\ &= \frac{(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}-2)(4+2\sqrt{15})}{16-60} = \frac{4\sqrt{5}+10\sqrt{3}-4\sqrt{3}-6\sqrt{5}-8-4\sqrt{15}}{-44} \\ &= \frac{-2\sqrt{5}+6\sqrt{3}-8-4\sqrt{15}}{-44} = \frac{-2(\sqrt{5}-3\sqrt{3}+4+2\sqrt{15})}{-44} = \frac{\sqrt{5}-3\sqrt{3}+4+2\sqrt{15}}{22} \end{aligned}$$

Bài 2: Trục căn thức ở mẫu và rút gọn

a. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}-3\sqrt{3}}$ b. $\sqrt{\frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{3+\sqrt{5}}}$ c. $\frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}}$ d. $\sqrt{\frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}}}$

HD:

a) $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}-3\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}-\sqrt{27}} = \frac{\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{27}}{8-27} = \frac{\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{27}}{-19} = \frac{-(\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{27})}{19}$

b) $\sqrt{\frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{3+\sqrt{5}}} = \sqrt{\frac{(3-\sqrt{5})(3-\sqrt{5})}{(3+\sqrt{5})(3-\sqrt{5})}} = \sqrt{\frac{(3-\sqrt{5})^2}{4}} = \frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2}$

c) $\frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3})}{5-3} = \sqrt{10} + \sqrt{6}$

d) $\sqrt{\frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}}} = \sqrt{\frac{(2-\sqrt{3})^2}{2^2-(\sqrt{3})^2}} = 2-\sqrt{3}$

Bài 3: Rút gọn biểu thức

1) $P = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}-1} - \sqrt{27} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}}$

2) $P = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}-2} - 2\sqrt{5}$

3) $B = \frac{1}{3+\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{3-\sqrt{7}}$

4) $A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}-2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}+2}$

5) $A = \frac{1}{2-\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{7-4\sqrt{3}}$

6) $(\frac{\sqrt{21}-\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{3}-1} + \frac{\sqrt{10}-\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}-1}) : \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}}$

7) $P = (\sqrt{3}-1) \frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3}}$

8) $B = \frac{2}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{6}} - \sqrt{28} + \sqrt{54}$

9) $A = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}-1} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{8}$

10) $\frac{50-\sqrt{25}}{\sqrt{36}}$

11) $A = \frac{5+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}+2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}-1} - \frac{3\sqrt{5}}{3+\sqrt{5}}$

12) $P = \frac{\sqrt{4-2\sqrt{3}}}{1-\sqrt{3}}$

13) $M = \frac{6}{2-\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{(2-\sqrt{3})^2} - \sqrt{75}$

15) $M = \frac{\sqrt{12+3}}{\sqrt{3}}; N = \frac{3-2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}-1}$

17) $A = \sqrt{\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}} - \sqrt{\frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}}}$

19) $A = \left(\frac{15}{\sqrt{6}+1} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{6}-2} - \frac{12}{3-\sqrt{6}} \right) (\sqrt{6}+11)$

21) $A = \frac{3+2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+1} - (\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3})$

23) $A = \frac{\sqrt{14}-\sqrt{7}}{2-\sqrt{2}}$

25) $C = \left(\frac{15}{\sqrt{6}+1} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{6}-2} - \frac{12}{3-\sqrt{6}} \right) (\sqrt{6}+11)$

14) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}+2} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \sqrt{18}$

16) $P = \left(\frac{1}{2-\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{2+\sqrt{3}} \right) \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{3-\sqrt{3}}$

18) $A = \sqrt{9-4\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}-2}$

20) $B = \left(1 - \frac{5+\sqrt{5}}{1+\sqrt{5}} \right) \left(\frac{5-\sqrt{5}}{1-\sqrt{5}} - 1 \right)$

22) $B = \left(\frac{5-2\sqrt{5}}{2-\sqrt{5}} - 2 \right) \left(\frac{5+3\sqrt{5}}{3+\sqrt{5}} - 2 \right)$

24) $B = \frac{1}{\sqrt{7-\sqrt{24}+1}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+\sqrt{24}-1}}$

26) $D = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}-1} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}+1}$

HD:

1) $P = \frac{2(\sqrt{3}+1)}{(\sqrt{3}-1)(\sqrt{3}+1)} - 3\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} = \frac{2(\sqrt{3}+1)}{3-1} - 2\sqrt{3} = \sqrt{3}+1-2\sqrt{3} = 1-\sqrt{3}$
 $= \frac{\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{5}-2)}{\sqrt{5}-2} = \frac{\sqrt{5}-10+4\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}-2}$

2) $= \frac{5\sqrt{5}-10}{\sqrt{5}-2} = \frac{5(\sqrt{5}-2)}{\sqrt{5}-2} = 5$

3) $B = \frac{1}{3+\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{3-\sqrt{7}} = \frac{6}{3^2-\sqrt{7}^2} = \frac{6}{9-7} = 3$

4) $A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}-2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}+2} = \frac{\sqrt{6}+2+\sqrt{6}-2}{(\sqrt{6}-2)(\sqrt{6}+2)} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{6-4} = \sqrt{6}$
 $= \frac{1}{2-\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{4-4\sqrt{3}+3} = \frac{1}{2-\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{(2-\sqrt{3})^2}$

5) $= \frac{1}{2-\sqrt{3}} + 2 - \sqrt{3} = \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{(2-\sqrt{3})(2+\sqrt{3})} + 2 - \sqrt{3} = \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{1} + 2 - \sqrt{3} = 4$

6) $A = \left[\frac{\sqrt{7}(\sqrt{3}-1)}{\sqrt{3}-1} + \frac{\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{2}-1)}{\sqrt{2}-1} \right] (\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5})$
 $A = (\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5})(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}) = 7-5 = 2$

$$7) P = (\sqrt{3}-1) \frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3}} = (\sqrt{3}-1) \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}+1)}{2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{(\sqrt{3}-1)(\sqrt{3}+1)}{2} = \frac{3-1}{2} = 1$$

$$8) B = \frac{2}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{6}} - \sqrt{28} + \sqrt{54} = \frac{2(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{6})}{(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{6})(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{6})} - \sqrt{7 \cdot 4} + \sqrt{9 \cdot 6}$$
$$= \frac{2\sqrt{7}+2\sqrt{6}}{7-6} - 2\sqrt{7} + 3\sqrt{6} = 2\sqrt{7} + 2\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{7} + 3\sqrt{6} = 5\sqrt{6}$$

$$9) = \frac{4(\sqrt{3}+1)}{3-1} - \frac{2(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2})}{3-2} - 2\sqrt{2} = 2\sqrt{3} + x - 2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2} = 2$$

$$10) 1. \frac{50-\sqrt{25}}{\sqrt{36}} = \frac{50-5}{6} = \frac{15}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{5+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}+2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}-1} - \frac{3\sqrt{5}}{3+\sqrt{5}}$$
$$= \frac{(5+\sqrt{5})(\sqrt{5}-2)}{(\sqrt{5}-2)(\sqrt{5}+2)} + \frac{\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{5}+1)}{(\sqrt{5}-1)(\sqrt{5}+1)} - \frac{3\sqrt{5}(3-\sqrt{5})}{(3+\sqrt{5})(3-\sqrt{5})}$$
$$= 3\sqrt{5} - 5 + \frac{5+\sqrt{5}}{4} - \frac{9\sqrt{5}-15}{4}$$
$$= 3\sqrt{5} - 5 + \frac{5+\sqrt{5}-9\sqrt{5}+15}{4} = 3\sqrt{5} - 5 + 5 - 2\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{5}$$

$$12) P = \frac{\sqrt{4-2\sqrt{3}}}{1-\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{(\sqrt{3}-1)^2}}{1-\sqrt{3}} = \frac{|\sqrt{3}-1|}{1-\sqrt{3}} = -1$$

$$13) M = \frac{6}{2-\sqrt{3}} + |2-\sqrt{3}| - \sqrt{75}$$
$$= 6(2+\sqrt{3}) + 2 - \sqrt{3} - 5\sqrt{3} = 14$$

$$14) \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}+2} + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{18} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{9 \cdot 2}}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}-1)}{1-2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{3}$$
$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}-2}{-1} + \sqrt{2} = 2 - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} = 2$$

$$15) M = \frac{\sqrt{12}+3}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}(2+\sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{3}} = 2 + \sqrt{3};$$

$$N = \frac{3-2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}-1} = \frac{(3-2\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{2}+1)}{(\sqrt{2}-1)(\sqrt{2}+1)} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}+3-2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{2}}{(\sqrt{2})^2-1^2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}+3-4}{2-1} = \sqrt{2}-1;$$

$$17) A = \sqrt{\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}} - \sqrt{\frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{4-3} - \frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{4-3} = 2\sqrt{3}.$$

$$\sqrt{9-4\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}-2} = \sqrt{(2-\sqrt{5})^2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}+2}{(\sqrt{5}+2)(\sqrt{5}-2)}$$

18) $= |2-\sqrt{5}| + \frac{\sqrt{5}+2}{5-4} = \sqrt{5}-2 + \sqrt{5}+2 = 2\sqrt{5}$

19) Ta có: $\frac{15}{\sqrt{6}+1} = \frac{15(\sqrt{6}-1)}{6-1} = 3(\sqrt{6}-1); \frac{4}{\sqrt{6}-2} = 2(\sqrt{6}+2); \frac{12}{3-\sqrt{6}} = 4(3+\sqrt{6}) \rightarrow A = -115$

20) Ta có: $\frac{5+\sqrt{5}}{1+\sqrt{5}} = \sqrt{5}; \frac{5-\sqrt{5}}{1-\sqrt{5}} = -\sqrt{5} \rightarrow B = 4$

21) $A = \frac{3+2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+1} - (\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}) \rightarrow A = 2$

22) $B = \left(\frac{5-2\sqrt{5}}{2-\sqrt{5}} - 2 \right) \left(\frac{5+3\sqrt{5}}{3+\sqrt{5}} - 2 \right) \rightarrow B = -1$

23) $A = \frac{\sqrt{14}-\sqrt{7}}{2-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{7}(\sqrt{2}-1)}{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}-1)} = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{7} \cdot \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{14}}{2}$

$$B = \frac{1}{\sqrt{7-\sqrt{24}}+1} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+\sqrt{24}}-1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{7-2\sqrt{6}}+1} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{6}}-1}$$

24) $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{6}-1)^2+1}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{6}+1)^2-1}}$
 $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}-1+1} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}+1-1} = 0$

25) $C = \left(\frac{15}{\sqrt{6}+1} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{6}-2} - \frac{12}{3-\sqrt{6}} \right) (\sqrt{6}+11)$
 $= \left[\frac{15(\sqrt{6}-1)}{6-1} + \frac{4(\sqrt{6}+2)}{6-2} + \frac{12(3+\sqrt{6})}{9-6} \right] (\sqrt{6}+11) = -115$

26) $D = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}-1} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}+1} = \sqrt{3} \left[\frac{(\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}+1) - (\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}-1)}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}-1)(\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}+1)} \right] = \sqrt{3} \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}+1-1} = 2$

Bài 4: Rút gọn biểu thức

a. $\frac{1}{1-\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{3}}$

b. $\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{5}}$

$$c. \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}} \right) : \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}-2}$$

$$d. D = \sqrt{\frac{3\sqrt{3}-4}{2\sqrt{3}+1}} - \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3}+4}{5-2\sqrt{3}}}$$

HD:

$$a. \frac{1}{1-\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{(1-\sqrt{3})(1+\sqrt{3})} - \frac{1-\sqrt{3}}{(1-\sqrt{3})(1+\sqrt{3})} = \frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{1-3} - \frac{1-\sqrt{3}}{1-3} = -\sqrt{3}$$

$$b. B = \frac{3(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})}{3} + \frac{4(\sqrt{6}-\sqrt{2})}{4} + (\sqrt{6}-\sqrt{5}) = 2\sqrt{6}$$

$$c. \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}} \right) : \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}-2} = \left[\frac{2(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3})}{2} - \frac{2(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3})}{2} \right] : \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}-2}$$

$$= (\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}) : \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}-2} = 2\sqrt{3} : \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}-2} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}-2)}{\sqrt{3}+2} = \frac{6-4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}+2} = 2\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}-2)^2$$

$$d. D = \sqrt{\frac{3\sqrt{3}-4}{2\sqrt{3}+1}} - \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3}+4}{5-2\sqrt{3}}} = \sqrt{\frac{(3\sqrt{3}-4)(2\sqrt{3}-1)}{(2\sqrt{3})^2-1}} - \sqrt{\frac{(\sqrt{3}+4)(5+2\sqrt{3})}{5^2-(2\sqrt{3})^2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{22-11\sqrt{3}}{11}} - \sqrt{\frac{26+13\sqrt{3}}{13}} = \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{\frac{4-2\sqrt{3}}{2}} - \sqrt{\frac{4+2\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\sqrt{(\sqrt{3}-1)^2} - \sqrt{(\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \right)$$

$$= -\sqrt{2}$$

Bài 5: Rút gọn biểu thức $A = \frac{2\sqrt{8}-\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{18}-\sqrt{48}} - \frac{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{27}}{\sqrt{30}+\sqrt{162}}$

HD:

Ta có $A = \frac{2\sqrt{8}-\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{18}-\sqrt{48}} - \frac{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{27}}{\sqrt{30}+\sqrt{162}} = \frac{4\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2}-4\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\sqrt{5}+3\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{30}+9\sqrt{2}} = \frac{(4\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3})(3\sqrt{2}+4\sqrt{3})}{(3\sqrt{2}-4\sqrt{3})(3\sqrt{2}+4\sqrt{3})}$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{5}+3\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{30}-9\sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{30}+9\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{30}-9\sqrt{2})} = \frac{24+16\sqrt{6}-6\sqrt{6}-24}{18-48} - \frac{\sqrt{150}-9\sqrt{10}+3\sqrt{90}-27\sqrt{6}}{30-162}$$

$$= \frac{-10\sqrt{6}}{30} - \frac{5\sqrt{6}-9\sqrt{10}+9\sqrt{10}-27\sqrt{6}}{-132} = \frac{-\sqrt{6}}{3} + \frac{-22\sqrt{6}}{132} = \frac{-\sqrt{6}}{3} + \frac{-\sqrt{6}}{6} = \frac{-2\sqrt{6}-\sqrt{6}}{6} = \frac{-3\sqrt{6}}{6} = \frac{-\sqrt{6}}{2}$$

Bài 6: Thực hiện các phép tính sau

$$1) A = \frac{10+2\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{8}{1-\sqrt{5}}$$

$$2) B = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}}$$

$$3) C = \frac{\sqrt{3-\sqrt{5}}(3+\sqrt{5})}{\sqrt{10}+\sqrt{2}}$$

$$4) D = \frac{6+4\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{6+4\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{6-4\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{6-4\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$5) E = \frac{(\sqrt{5}+2)^2 - 8\sqrt{5}}{2\sqrt{5}-4}$$

$$6) F = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}+1} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}-2} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{3}-3}$$

$$7) G = \frac{2}{3+\sqrt{5}} + \frac{2}{3-\sqrt{5}}$$

$$8) H = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1+\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}}$$

HD:

$$1) A = \frac{10+2\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{8}{1-\sqrt{5}} = \frac{2\sqrt{5}\cdot\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{5}\cdot\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{8(1+\sqrt{5})}{(1-\sqrt{5})(1+\sqrt{5})} = \frac{2\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{8(1+\sqrt{5})}{1-5}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = 2\sqrt{5} - 2(1+\sqrt{5}) \Rightarrow A = -2$$

$$2) B = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}+\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}}{(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}})(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}})} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{(\sqrt{2})^2 - (\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}})^2} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2-2-\sqrt{3}}$$
$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{-2\sqrt{6}}{3}$$

3)

$$C = \frac{\sqrt{3-\sqrt{5}}(3+\sqrt{5})}{\sqrt{10}+\sqrt{2}} = \frac{(\sqrt{3-\sqrt{5}}\cdot\sqrt{3+\sqrt{5}})\sqrt{3+\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{2}\cdot(\sqrt{5}+1)} = \frac{\sqrt{9-5}\cdot\sqrt{3+\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{2}\cdot(\sqrt{5}+1)} = \frac{\sqrt{6+2\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{5}+1} = \frac{\sqrt{(\sqrt{5}+1)^2}}{\sqrt{5}+1} = \frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{\sqrt{5}+1} = 1$$

$$4) D = \frac{6+4\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{6+4\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{6-4\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{6-4\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{4+2\cdot 2\sqrt{2}+2}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{4+2\cdot 2\sqrt{2}+2}} + \frac{4-2\cdot 2\sqrt{2}+2}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{4-2\cdot 2\sqrt{2}+2}} = \frac{(2+\sqrt{2})^2}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{(2+\sqrt{2})^2}}$$
$$+ \frac{(2-\sqrt{2})^2}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{(2-\sqrt{2})^2}} = \frac{(2+\sqrt{2})^2}{2+2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(2-\sqrt{2})^2}{2\sqrt{2}-2} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$5) E = \frac{(\sqrt{5}+2)^2 - 8\sqrt{5}}{2\sqrt{5}-4} = \frac{5+4\sqrt{5}+4-8\sqrt{5}}{2\sqrt{5}-4} = \frac{(2-\sqrt{5})^2}{2(\sqrt{5}-2)} = \frac{\sqrt{5}-2}{2}$$

$$6) F = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}+1} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}-2} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{3}-3} = \frac{42-28\sqrt{3}}{(\sqrt{3}+1)(\sqrt{3}-2)(\sqrt{3}-3)} = \frac{42-28\sqrt{3}}{-6+4\sqrt{3}} = -7$$

$$7) G = \frac{2}{3+\sqrt{5}} + \frac{2}{3-\sqrt{5}} = \frac{2\cdot(3-\sqrt{5})+2\cdot(3+\sqrt{5})}{(3+\sqrt{5})(3-\sqrt{5})} = \frac{12}{9-5} = \frac{12}{4} = 3$$

$$8) H = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1+\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3\sqrt{3}+3} + \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3\sqrt{3}+3}}{1 - (\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1})^2} = -2$$

Bài 7: Rút gọn các biểu thức sau

$$a) A = \frac{2\sqrt{15} - 2\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{6} - 3}{2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6}}$$

$$b) B = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{8} + \sqrt{16}}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{4}}$$

$$c) C = \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} + \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}} \right) (24 + 8\sqrt{6})$$

HD:

$$a) A = \frac{2\sqrt{15} - 2\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{6} - 3}{2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6}} = \frac{(2\sqrt{15} - 2\sqrt{10}) + (\sqrt{6} - 3)}{(2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{10}) + (\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3})} = \frac{2\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}) + \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3})}{2\sqrt{5}(1 - \sqrt{2}) + \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{2} - 1)} = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2} - 1}$$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2} + 1)}{2 - 1} = (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2} + 1)$$

$$b) B = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{8} + \sqrt{16}}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{2} + 4}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{4}} = \frac{(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + 2) + (\sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{2} + 2)}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + 2}$$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + 2)(1 + \sqrt{2})}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + 2} = 1 + \sqrt{2}$$

c)

$$C = \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} + \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}} \right) (24 + 8\sqrt{6}) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + 2 \right) \left[\frac{(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})(24 + 8\sqrt{6})}{4\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}(24 + 8\sqrt{6})}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}} \right]$$

$$\cdot \left[\frac{2 - \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{6} - 3}{(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3})} \right] = \frac{5\sqrt{6} + 12}{6} \cdot \left[\frac{(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})(3\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3}) \cdot 4\sqrt{2}}{4\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot 8\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}} \right] \cdot \frac{-2\sqrt{6} - 1}{2 - 3}$$

$$= \frac{5\sqrt{6} + 12}{6} [(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})(2\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{2}) - 24] \cdot (2\sqrt{6} + 1) = \frac{5\sqrt{6} + 12}{6} (5\sqrt{6} - 12)(2\sqrt{6} - 1) = 2\sqrt{6} - 1.$$

Bài 8: Rút gọn biểu thức $A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}}$

HD:

$$A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}} = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}}}{2 - (2 + \sqrt{3})} + \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}}{2 - (2 - \sqrt{3})} = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}}}{-\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{(1+\sqrt{3})^2} + \sqrt{(1-\sqrt{3})^2}}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{1+\sqrt{3}-1+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6}} = \sqrt{2}$$

Bài 9: Trục căn thức ở mẫu

a. $A = \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{14}}{2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{7}}$

b. $B = \frac{3+4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}}$

c. $C = \frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{10}}$

d. $D = \frac{31}{2 + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}}$

e. $E = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{15} + \sqrt{14} + \sqrt{21}}$

f. $F = \frac{3+2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+1} - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})$

HD:

a. $A = \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{14}}{2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{7}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7})(2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7})}{(2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{7})(2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7})} = \frac{\sqrt{2}(6 + 2\sqrt{21} + \sqrt{21} + 7)}{12 - 5} = \frac{\sqrt{2}(13 + 3\sqrt{21})}{5}$

b. $B = \frac{3+4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}} = \frac{(3+4\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})}{(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})} = \frac{(3+4\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})}{3+4\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}$

c. $C = \frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{10}} = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{2} + 1)(\sqrt{5} + 2)} = \frac{(\sqrt{2} - 1)(\sqrt{5} - 2)}{(2 - 1)(5 - 4)} = (\sqrt{2} - 1)(\sqrt{5} - 2)$

d. $D = \frac{31}{2 + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}} = \frac{31(2 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})}{(2 + \sqrt{2})^2 - 5} = \frac{31(2 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})}{1 + 4\sqrt{2}} = \frac{31(2 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(4\sqrt{2} - 1)}{(4\sqrt{2})^2 - 1}$
 $= (2 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(4\sqrt{2} - 1)$

e. $E = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{15} + \sqrt{14} + \sqrt{21}} = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{7})} = \frac{(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{5})}{2}$

f. $F = \frac{3+2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+1} - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}) = 2$

Bài 10: Thực hiện các phép tính sau:

a) $\frac{13\sqrt{2} - 4\sqrt{6}}{24 - 4\sqrt{3}}$

b) $\frac{\sqrt{3-2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{17-12\sqrt{2}}}$

c) $\frac{9\sqrt{6} - 12\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{6} - 3\sqrt{3}}$

d) $\frac{\sqrt{45}-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2}}$

e) $\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{3\sqrt{5}-3\sqrt{2}}}$

f) $\frac{3+4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{5}}$

HD:

a) $\frac{13\sqrt{2}-4\sqrt{6}}{24-4\sqrt{3}} = \frac{(13\sqrt{2}-4\sqrt{6}) \cdot (6+\sqrt{3})}{4 \cdot (36-3)} = \frac{6\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{6}}{12}$

b) $\frac{\sqrt{3-2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{17-12\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{3-2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{(\sqrt{2}-1) \cdot (3+2\sqrt{2})}{9-8} = \sqrt{2}+1$

c) $\frac{9\sqrt{6}-12\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{6}-3\sqrt{3}} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}-4}{\sqrt{2}-1} = \frac{(3\sqrt{2}-4) \cdot (\sqrt{2}+1)}{2-1} = 2-\sqrt{2}$

d) $\frac{\sqrt{45}-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{(\sqrt{45}-\sqrt{2}) \cdot (\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})}{5-2} = \frac{13+2\sqrt{10}}{3}$

e) $\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{3\sqrt{5}-3\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{\sqrt{(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2}) \cdot (3\sqrt{5}-3\sqrt{2})}}{3\sqrt{5}-3\sqrt{2}} = \frac{3}{3 \cdot (\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2})} = \frac{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2}}{3}$

f) $\frac{3+4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{5}} = \frac{(3+4\sqrt{3}) \cdot (\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{5})}{8+4\sqrt{3}-5} = \frac{7\sqrt{6}+15\sqrt{2}+3\sqrt{5}+4\sqrt{15}}{3+4\sqrt{3}}$
 $= \frac{(7\sqrt{6}+15\sqrt{2}+3\sqrt{5}+4\sqrt{15}) \cdot (4\sqrt{3}-3)}{48-9} = \frac{26\sqrt{2}+13\sqrt{6}+13\sqrt{5}-4\sqrt{15}}{13}$

Bài 11: Thực hiện các phép tính sau:

a) $A = \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{2}}$

b) $B = \frac{\sqrt{6+\sqrt{35}}}{\sqrt{2}}$

c) $C = \frac{\sqrt{8-\sqrt{15}}}{\sqrt{30}-\sqrt{2}}$

HD:

a) $A = \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{4-2\sqrt{3}}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2}$

b) $B = \frac{\sqrt{6+\sqrt{35}}}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{12+2\sqrt{35}}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}}{2}$

c) $C = \frac{\sqrt{8-\sqrt{15}}}{\sqrt{30}-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{15}-1} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{16-2\sqrt{15}}{4}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{15}-1} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{15}-1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

Bài 12: Thực hiện các phép tính sau:

a) $\frac{\sqrt{15}-\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{3}-1} - \frac{5-2\sqrt{5}}{2\sqrt{5}-4}$

b) $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}-1} + \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}+1}$

c) $\frac{2\sqrt{8}-\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{18}-\sqrt{48}} - \frac{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{27}}{\sqrt{30}-\sqrt{2}}$

d) $\frac{3-\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3}-1} + \frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3}-1}$

e) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}-1} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}+1}$

f) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}-1} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}+1}$

g) $\frac{2\sqrt{3}-4}{\sqrt{3}-1} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}-1}{\sqrt{2}-1} - \frac{1+\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}}$

h) $\frac{5}{12(2\sqrt{5}+3\sqrt{2})} - \frac{5}{12(2\sqrt{5}-3\sqrt{2})}$

HD:

a) $\frac{\sqrt{15}-\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{3}-1} - \frac{5-2\sqrt{5}}{2\sqrt{5}-4} = \frac{\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{3}-1)}{\sqrt{3}-1} - \frac{(5-2\sqrt{5})(2\sqrt{5}+4)}{20-16} = \sqrt{5} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$

b) $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}-1} + \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}+1} = \frac{(\sqrt{3}+1)^2 + (\sqrt{3}-1)^2}{3-1} = \frac{4+2\sqrt{3}+4-2\sqrt{3}}{2} = 4$

c) $\frac{2\sqrt{8}-\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{18}-\sqrt{48}} - \frac{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{27}}{\sqrt{30}-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2}-4\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\sqrt{5}+3\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{30}-\sqrt{2}}$
 $= \frac{(4\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3})(3\sqrt{2}+4\sqrt{3})}{18-48} - \frac{(\sqrt{5}+3\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{30}+\sqrt{2})}{30-2} = \frac{-26\sqrt{6}-15\sqrt{10}}{42}$

d) $\frac{3-\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3}-1} + \frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3}-1} = \frac{6}{2\sqrt{3}-1} = \frac{6(2\sqrt{3}+1)}{12-1} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}+6}{11}$

e) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}-1} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}+1} = \frac{2(\sqrt{3}+1)}{3-1} - \frac{2(\sqrt{3}-1)}{3-1} = 2$

f) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}-1} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}+1} = \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}+1)}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}-1)}{\sqrt{3}} = 2$

g) $\frac{2\sqrt{3}-4}{\sqrt{3}-1} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}-1}{\sqrt{2}-1} - \frac{1+\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}} = \frac{(2\sqrt{3}-4)(\sqrt{3}+1)}{3-1} + \frac{(2\sqrt{2}-1)(\sqrt{2}+1)}{2-1} - \frac{(1+\sqrt{6})(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3})}{2-3}$
 $= \frac{6+2\sqrt{3}-4\sqrt{3}-4}{2} + \frac{4+2\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2}-1}{1} - \frac{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}+3\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3}}{1} = 4-\sqrt{2}$

$$h) \frac{5}{12.(2\sqrt{5}+3\sqrt{2})} - \frac{5}{12.(2\sqrt{5}-3\sqrt{2})} = \frac{5}{12} \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{5}-3\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{5}-3\sqrt{2}}{20-18} = \frac{-5\sqrt{2}}{4}$$

Bài 13: Thực hiện các phép tính sau:

$$a) \frac{1}{\sqrt{11-4\sqrt{7}}} - \frac{6}{\sqrt{32-10\sqrt{7}}}$$

$$b) \frac{1}{\sqrt{12-\sqrt{140}}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{8-\sqrt{60}}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{10+\sqrt{84}}}$$

$$c) \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{7}-2\sqrt{10}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{10+2\sqrt{21}}}$$

HD:

$$a) \frac{1}{\sqrt{11-4\sqrt{7}}} - \frac{6}{\sqrt{32-10\sqrt{7}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-2} - \frac{6}{5-\sqrt{7}} = \frac{\sqrt{7}+2}{7-4} - \frac{6.(5+\sqrt{7})}{25-7} = \frac{2\sqrt{7}-23}{33}$$

$$b) \frac{1}{\sqrt{12-\sqrt{140}}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{8-\sqrt{60}}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{10+\sqrt{84}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{12-2\sqrt{35}}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{8-2\sqrt{15}}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{10+2\sqrt{21}}}$$
$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}}{7-5} - \frac{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}}{5-3} - \frac{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{3}}{7-3} = \frac{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$c) \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{7}-2\sqrt{10}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{10+2\sqrt{21}}}$$
$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}}{3-2} - \frac{2.(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5})}{7-5} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{3}}$$
$$= \sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5} - \frac{3.(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})}{5-2} + \frac{4.(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{3})}{7-3}$$
$$= \sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{3}=0$$

Bài 14: Chứng minh các số sau đây là số nguyên:

$$a) A = \frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}+6}{\sqrt{6}+1}$$

$$b) B = \left(\frac{15}{\sqrt{6}+1} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{6}-2} - \frac{12}{3-\sqrt{6}} \right) (\sqrt{6}+11)$$

$$c) C = \frac{2\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{3+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{3}-1} - 2\sqrt{3}$$

HD:

$$\text{a) } A = \frac{3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}+6}{\sqrt{6}+1} = \frac{(3\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2})} + \frac{\sqrt{6}(\sqrt{6}+1)}{\sqrt{6}+1} = 5 \text{ (đpcm)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } B &= \left(\frac{15}{\sqrt{6}+1} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{6}-2} - \frac{12}{3-\sqrt{6}} \right) (\sqrt{6}+11) \\ &= \left(\frac{15(\sqrt{6}-1)}{(\sqrt{6}+1)(\sqrt{6}-1)} + \frac{4(\sqrt{6}+2)}{(\sqrt{6}-2)(\sqrt{6}+2)} - \frac{12(3+\sqrt{6})}{(3-\sqrt{6})(3+\sqrt{6})} \right) (\sqrt{6}+11) \\ &= \left(\frac{15\sqrt{6}-15}{5} + \frac{4\sqrt{6}+8}{2} - \frac{36+12\sqrt{6}}{3} \right) (\sqrt{6}+11) = (\sqrt{6}-11)(\sqrt{6}+11) = -115 \text{ (đpcm)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } C &= \frac{2\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{2}}}}{\sqrt{3}-1} - 2\sqrt{3} = \frac{2\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{(\sqrt{2}+1)^2}}}{\sqrt{3}-1} - 2\sqrt{3} \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+1}}{\sqrt{3}-1} - 2\sqrt{3} = \frac{2\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{3}-1} - 2\sqrt{3} \\ &= \frac{2(\sqrt{3}+1)}{\sqrt{3}-1} - 2\sqrt{3} = \frac{2(\sqrt{3}+1)^2}{(\sqrt{3}-1)(\sqrt{3}+1)} - 2\sqrt{3} = 4 \text{ (đpcm)} \end{aligned}$$

Bài 15: Chứng minh các số sau đây là số dương:

$$\text{a) } A = \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}} + \frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}}$$

$$\text{b) } B = \frac{23\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{14+5\sqrt{3}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{14-5\sqrt{3}}}$$

$$\text{c) } C = \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}} + \sqrt{1-\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}} - \sqrt{1-\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}}}$$

HD:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } A &= \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}} + \frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}} \\ &= \frac{(2+\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}})}{(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}})(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}})} + \frac{(2-\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}})}{(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}})(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}})} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{-2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \\ &= \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} - 2\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{3}} > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } B &= \frac{23\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{14+5\sqrt{3}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{14-5\sqrt{3}}} \\ &= \frac{46}{2 + \sqrt{28+10\sqrt{3}}} + \frac{6}{2 - \sqrt{28-10\sqrt{3}}} \\ &= \frac{46}{2+5+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{6}{2-5+\sqrt{3}} = \frac{46}{7+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{3}-3} \\ &= \frac{46(7-\sqrt{3})}{49-3} + \frac{6(\sqrt{3}+3)}{3-9} = 7 - \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3} - 3 = 4 - 2\sqrt{3} > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } C &= \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}}} \\ &= \frac{\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}}\right)^2}{\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}}\right)\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}}\right)} \\ &= \frac{6 + 2\sqrt{5}}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4\sqrt{2}} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{5}}{2} > 0 \end{aligned}$$

Bài 16: Chứng tỏ rằng các số sau là số hữu tỉ:

$$\text{a) } \frac{2}{\sqrt{7}-5} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{7}+5} \qquad \text{b) } \frac{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}} + \frac{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}}$$

HD:

$$\text{a) } \frac{2}{\sqrt{7}-5} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{7}+5} = \frac{2(\sqrt{7}+5)}{(\sqrt{7}-5)(\sqrt{7}+5)} - \frac{2(\sqrt{7}-5)}{(\sqrt{7}+5)(\sqrt{7}-5)} = \frac{-10}{9} \text{ (đpcm)}$$

$$\text{b) } \frac{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}} + \frac{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}} = \frac{(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5})^2}{(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5})(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5})} + \frac{(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5})^2}{(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5})(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5})} = \frac{27}{11} \text{ (đpcm)}$$

Bài 17: Chứng minh rằng

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{a. } & \frac{a\sqrt{a} + b\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}} - \sqrt{ab} = (\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b})^2 \quad (a, b > 0) & \text{b. } & \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}} = \frac{a+b}{a-b} \quad (a, b \geq 0; a \neq b) \\
 \text{c. } & \frac{(a\sqrt{b} + b)(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})}{a-b} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{ab + b^2 - 2\sqrt{ab}^3}{a(a + 2\sqrt{b}) + b}} = b \quad (a, b > 0)
 \end{aligned}$$

HD:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{a. } & \frac{a\sqrt{a} + b\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}} - \sqrt{ab} = \frac{(\sqrt{a})^3 + (\sqrt{b})^3}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}} - \sqrt{ab} = a - \sqrt{ab} + b - \sqrt{ab} = (\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b})^2 \\
 \text{b. } & \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}} = \frac{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}) - \sqrt{b}(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b})}{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b})(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})} = \frac{a+b}{a-b} \\
 & \frac{(a\sqrt{b} + b)(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})}{a-b} = \frac{\sqrt{b}(a + \sqrt{b})(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})}{a-b}; \\
 \text{c. } & \sqrt{\frac{b[(\sqrt{a})^2 - 2\sqrt{ab} + (\sqrt{b})^2]}{a^2 + 2a\sqrt{b} + (\sqrt{b})^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{b(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b})^2}{(a + \sqrt{b})^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b})}{a + \sqrt{b}} \\
 & \Rightarrow C = b
 \end{aligned}$$

Dạng 6: Sử dụng các phép biến đổi căn thức bậc hai để giải phương trình

Phương pháp giải:

- +) Đặt điều kiện để phương trình có nghĩa: \sqrt{A} có nghĩa khi $A \geq 0$
- +) Đưa thừa số ra ngoài dấu căn: $\sqrt{A^2B} = |A|\sqrt{B} \quad (B \geq 0) = \begin{cases} A\sqrt{B} & (A \geq 0; B \geq 0) \\ -A\sqrt{B} & (A < 0; B \geq 0) \end{cases}$
- +) Rút gọn các căn thức đồng dạng
- +) Biến đổi phương trình về dạng: $\sqrt{A} = B \Leftrightarrow A = B^2 \quad (B \geq 0)$

Bài 1: Giải các phương trình sau:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{a) } & 2\sqrt{3x} - 4\sqrt{3x} = 27 - 3\sqrt{3x} & \text{b) } & 3\sqrt{2x} - 5\sqrt{8x} + 7\sqrt{18x} = 28
 \end{aligned}$$

c) $\sqrt{x^2-9}-3\sqrt{x-3}=0$

d) $\sqrt{x^2-4}-2\sqrt{x+2}=0$

HD:

a) $2\sqrt{3x}-4\sqrt{3x}=27-3\sqrt{3x}$

Điều kiện: $x \geq 0$

$$\begin{aligned} 2\sqrt{3x}-4\sqrt{3x} &= 27-3\sqrt{3x} \Leftrightarrow 2\sqrt{3x}-4\sqrt{3x}+3\sqrt{3x}=27 \\ \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{3x} &= 27 \Leftrightarrow 3x=729 \Leftrightarrow x=243(\text{TM}) \end{aligned}$$

Vậy $S = \{243\}$

b) Điều kiện: $x \geq 0$

$$\begin{aligned} 3\sqrt{2x}-5\sqrt{8x}+7\sqrt{18x} &= 28 \Leftrightarrow 3\sqrt{2x}-10\sqrt{2x}+21\sqrt{2x}=28 \\ \Leftrightarrow 14\sqrt{2x} &= 28 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{2x}=2 \Leftrightarrow 2x=4 \Leftrightarrow x=2(\text{TM}) \end{aligned}$$

Vậy $S = \{2\}$

c) $\sqrt{x^2-9}-3\sqrt{x-3}=0$

$$\text{ĐKXD: } \begin{cases} x^2-9 \geq 0 \\ x-3 \geq 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x \geq 3 \\ x \leq -3 \Rightarrow x \geq 3 \\ x \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{x^2-9}-3\sqrt{x-3} &= 0 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{(x-3)(x+3)}-3\sqrt{x-3}=0 \\ \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x-3}(\sqrt{x+3}-3) &= 0 \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \sqrt{x-3}=0 \\ \sqrt{x+3}-3=0 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x=3 \\ x+3=9 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x=3(\text{TM}) \\ x=6(\text{TM}) \end{cases}$$

$S = \{3; 6\}$

d) $\sqrt{x^2-4}-2\sqrt{x+2}=0$

$$\text{ĐKXD: } \begin{cases} x^2-4 \geq 0 \\ x+2 \geq 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x \geq 2 \\ x \leq -2 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x \geq 2 \\ x \leq -2 \end{cases} \\ x \geq -2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{x^2-4}-2\sqrt{x+2}=0 &\Leftrightarrow \sqrt{(x-2)(x+2)}-2\sqrt{x+2}=0 \\ &\Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x+2}(\sqrt{x-2}-2)=0 \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x=-2 \\ x-2=4 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x=-2(TM) \\ x=6(TM) \end{cases} \\ S &= \{-2;6\} \end{aligned}$$

Bài 2: Giải phương trình:

a) $\sqrt{2x+3}=1+\sqrt{2}$

b) $\sqrt{x+1}=\sqrt{5}+3$

c) $\sqrt{3x-2}=2-\sqrt{3}$

HD:

$$\sqrt{2x+3}=1+\sqrt{2} \left(DK : x \geq \frac{-3}{2} \right)$$

a) $\Leftrightarrow 2x+3=1+2\sqrt{2}+2 \Leftrightarrow 2x=2\sqrt{2} \Leftrightarrow x=\sqrt{2} (TM)$

$$S = \{\sqrt{2}\}$$

$$\sqrt{x+1}=\sqrt{5}+3 (DK : x \geq -1)$$

b) $\Leftrightarrow x+1=5+6\sqrt{5}+9 \Leftrightarrow x=13+6\sqrt{5} (TM)$

$$S = \{13+6\sqrt{5}\}$$

$$\sqrt{3x-2}=2-\sqrt{3} \left(DK : x \geq \frac{2}{3} \right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3x-2=4-4\sqrt{3}+3 \Leftrightarrow 3x=9-4\sqrt{3}$$

c) $\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{9-4\sqrt{3}}{3}$

$$S = \left\{ \frac{9-4\sqrt{3}}{3} \right\}$$

Bài 3: Giải phương trình: $25\sqrt{\frac{a-3}{25}}-7\sqrt{\frac{4a-12}{9}}-7\sqrt{a^2-9}+18\sqrt{\frac{9a^2-81}{81}}=0$

HD:

$$25\sqrt{\frac{a-3}{25}}-7\sqrt{\frac{4a-12}{9}}-7\sqrt{a^2-9}+18\sqrt{\frac{9a^2-81}{81}}=0 \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a-3}-\sqrt{a^2-9}=0$$

Cách 1: $\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a-3}-\sqrt{a^2-9}=0 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{a-3}=3\sqrt{a^2-9} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} a \geq 3 \\ a-3=9(a^2-9) \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow a=3$

Cách 2: Điều kiện $a \geq 3$

$$\text{Ta có: } \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a-3} - \sqrt{a^2-9} = 0 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{a-3} \left(\frac{1}{3} - \sqrt{a+3} \right) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} a = 3(tm) \\ a = \frac{-26}{9}(loai) \end{cases}$$

Bài 4: Giải phương trình: $\sqrt{18x+9} - \sqrt{8x+4} + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{2x+1} = 4$

HD: $\sqrt{18x+9} - \sqrt{8x+4} + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{2x+1} = 4 \Leftrightarrow \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{2x+1} = 4 \Leftrightarrow x = \frac{35}{2}$

Bài 5: Giải các phương trình sau

a. $\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{4x-8} - 9\sqrt{\frac{x-2}{81}} = 6$

b. $\sqrt{9x-9} - \sqrt{4x-4} + \sqrt{16x-16} - 3\sqrt{x-1} = 16(x \geq 1)$

c. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}+1} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}-1} + 2 = 0(x \geq -1; x \neq 0)$

d. $\sqrt{36x-72} - 15\sqrt{\frac{x-2}{25}} = 4(5 + \sqrt{x-2})(x \geq 2)$

e. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+3}+\sqrt{x+2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+2}+\sqrt{x+1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x}} = 1(x \geq 0)$

HD:

a. $\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{4x-8} - 9\sqrt{\frac{x-2}{81}} = 6 \Leftrightarrow \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{4(x-2)} - 9\sqrt{\frac{x-2}{9^2}} = 6 \Leftrightarrow \frac{3}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{x-2} = 9 \cdot \frac{1}{9} \cdot \sqrt{x-2} = 6$
 $\Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x-2} = 3 \Leftrightarrow x = 11$

b. $\sqrt{9x-9} - \sqrt{4x-4} + \sqrt{16x-16} - 3\sqrt{x-1} = 16 \Leftrightarrow 2\sqrt{x-1} = 16 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x-1} = 8 \Leftrightarrow x = 65(tm)$

c. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}+1} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}-1} + 2 = 0 \Rightarrow (\sqrt{x^2+1}-1) - (\sqrt{x^2+1}+1) + 2(\sqrt{x+1}-1)(\sqrt{x^2+1}+1) = 0$
 $\Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x^2+1}-1 - \sqrt{x^2+1}-1 + 2(x+1-1) = 0 \Leftrightarrow -2 + 2x = 0 \Leftrightarrow x = 1(tm)$

d. $\sqrt{36x-72} - 15\sqrt{\frac{x-2}{25}} = 4(5 + \sqrt{x-2}) \Leftrightarrow 6\sqrt{x-2} - 3\sqrt{x-2} = 4(5 + \sqrt{x-2})$
 $\Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x-2} = -20 \Rightarrow ptn$

e. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+3}+\sqrt{x+2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+2}+\sqrt{x+1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x}} = 1$
 $\Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x+3} - \sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{x+2} - \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x} = 1$

$$\Leftrightarrow x+3 = x+2\sqrt{x}+1 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x} = 1 \Leftrightarrow x = 1(tm)$$

C. BÀI TẬP VỀ NHÀ

Bài 1:Đưa thừa số ra ngoài dấu căn:

a) $\sqrt{5a^2} (a \leq 0)$

b) $\sqrt{18a^2} (a \geq 0)$

c) $\sqrt{-9b^3} (b \leq 0)$

d) $\sqrt{24a^4b^8} (a, b \in R)$

HD:

a) $\sqrt{5a^2} (a \leq 0) = 5|a| = -a\sqrt{5} (a \leq 0)$

b) $\sqrt{18a^2} (a \geq 0) = 18|a| = 3a\sqrt{2} (a \geq 0)$

c) $\sqrt{-9b^3} (b \leq 0) = -3b\sqrt{-b}$

d) $\sqrt{24a^4b^8} (a, b \in R) = 2\sqrt{6}a^2b^4 (a, b \in R)$

Bài 2:Đưa thừa số vào trong dấu căn:

a) $x\sqrt{7} (x \geq 0)$

b) $x\sqrt{15} (x \leq 0)$

c) $\frac{1}{y}\sqrt{19y} (y > 0)$

d) $\frac{1}{3}y\sqrt{\frac{27}{y^2}} (y \leq 0)$

HD:

a) $x\sqrt{7} (x \geq 0) = \sqrt{7x^2} (x \geq 0)$

b) $x\sqrt{15} (x \leq 0) = -\sqrt{15x^2}$

c) $\frac{1}{y}\sqrt{19y} (y > 0) = \sqrt{\frac{19}{y}} (y > 0)$

d) $\frac{1}{3}y\sqrt{\frac{27}{y^2}} (y \leq 0) = -\sqrt{3} (y \leq 0)$

Bài 3: Tìm số lớn hơn trong các cặp số dưới đây

a) $2\sqrt{6}$ và $3\sqrt{3}$

b) $\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{6}$ và $\frac{7}{4}\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$

HD:

a) $\begin{cases} 2\sqrt{6} = \sqrt{24} \\ 3\sqrt{3} = \sqrt{27} \end{cases} \Rightarrow 2\sqrt{6} < 3\sqrt{3}$

$$b) \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{6} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{25} \cdot 6} = \sqrt{\frac{24}{25}}; \frac{7}{4}\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt{\frac{49}{16} \cdot \frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt{\frac{49}{48}} \Rightarrow \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{6} < \frac{7}{4}\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\frac{24}{25} < 1 < \frac{49}{48} \right)$$

Bài 4: Tìm số bé hơn trong các cặp số dưới đây

a) $2\sqrt{23}$ và $3\sqrt{10}$

b) $2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}$ và $\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{21}$

HD:

$$a) \begin{cases} 2\sqrt{23} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 23} = \sqrt{92} \\ 3\sqrt{10} = \sqrt{3^2 \cdot 10} = \sqrt{90} \end{cases} \Rightarrow 2\sqrt{23} > 3\sqrt{10}$$

$$b) 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{5}}; \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{21} = \frac{21}{25}; \frac{4}{25} > \frac{21}{25} \Rightarrow 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}} > \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{21}$$

Bài 5: Sắp xếp các số

a) $2\sqrt{5}; 3\sqrt{2}; 5; \sqrt{23}$ theo thứ tự tăng dần

b) $5\sqrt{2}; 2\sqrt{13}; 4\sqrt{3}; \sqrt{47}$ theo thứ tự giảm dần

HD:

a) $3\sqrt{2} < 2\sqrt{5} < \sqrt{23} < 5$

b) $2\sqrt{13} > 5\sqrt{2} > 4\sqrt{3} > \sqrt{47}$

Bài 6: Rút gọn biểu thức

$$a. A = 4\sqrt{\frac{25x}{4}} - \frac{8}{3}\sqrt{\frac{9x}{4}} - \frac{4}{3x}\sqrt{\frac{9x^3}{64}} \quad (x \geq 0)$$

$$b. B = \frac{y}{2} + \frac{3}{4}\sqrt{1-4y+4y^2} - \frac{3}{2} \quad (y \leq \frac{1}{2})$$

HD:

$$a) A = 4\sqrt{\frac{25x}{4}} - \frac{8}{3}\sqrt{\frac{9x}{4}} - \frac{4}{3x}\sqrt{\frac{9x^3}{64}} \quad (x \geq 0) = \frac{11}{2}\sqrt{x}$$

$$b) B = \frac{y}{2} + \frac{3}{4}\sqrt{1-4y+4y^2} - \frac{3}{2} \quad (y \leq \frac{1}{2}) = -y - \frac{3}{4}$$

Bài 7: Thực hiện phép tính

$$a. A = \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}-1} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}-2} + \frac{15}{3-\sqrt{3}} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+5}$$

$$b. B = \left(\frac{\sqrt{14}-\sqrt{7}}{1-\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{15}-\sqrt{5}}{1-\sqrt{3}} \right) : \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}}$$

HD:

$$a) A = \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}-1} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}-2} + \frac{15}{3-\sqrt{3}} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+5} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$b) B = \left(\frac{\sqrt{14}-\sqrt{7}}{1-\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{15}-\sqrt{5}}{1-\sqrt{3}} \right) : \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5}} = -2$$

Bài 8: Tìm u, biết

$$a. \sqrt{4u-20} + 3\sqrt{\frac{u-5}{9}} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{9u-45} = 4$$

$$b. \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{9u-9} - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{16u-16} + 27\sqrt{\frac{u-1}{81}} = 4$$

HD:

$$a) \sqrt{4u-20} + 3\sqrt{\frac{u-5}{9}} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{9u-45} = 4 \Leftrightarrow 2\sqrt{u-5} = 4 \Leftrightarrow u = 9$$

$$b) \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{9u-9} - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{16u-16} + 27\sqrt{\frac{u-1}{81}} = 4 \Leftrightarrow 4\sqrt{u-1} = 4 \Leftrightarrow u = 2$$

Bài 9: Tìm x, y, z biết: $\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{y-3} + \sqrt{z-1} = \frac{1}{2}(x+y+z)$

HD:

$$\text{Cách 1: } \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{y-3} + \sqrt{z-1} = \frac{1}{2}(x+y+z) \Leftrightarrow (\sqrt{x+1}-1)^2 + (\sqrt{y-3}-1)^2 + (\sqrt{z-1}-1)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x=0 \\ y=4 \\ z=2 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Cách 2: Ta có: } x+2 = (x+1)+1 \geq 2\sqrt{x+1}; y-2 = (y-3)+1 \geq 2\sqrt{y-3}; z = (z-1)+1 \geq 2\sqrt{z-1}$$

$$\text{Cộng về các bất đẳng thức ta được: } x+y+z \geq 2(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{y-3} + \sqrt{z-1}) \Leftrightarrow x=0; y=4; z=2$$

$$\text{Bài 10: Chứng minh rằng: } \frac{1}{\sqrt{1}+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{4}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n-1}+\sqrt{n}} = \sqrt{n}-1$$

HD:

Thực hiện trục căn thức ở mẫu với từng thừa số

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}+\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{1}-\sqrt{2}}{1-2} = \sqrt{2}-1; \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}; \dots$$

Thực hiện rút gọn ta được: $VT = \sqrt{n}-1 = VP$